AFIN: 34-00061

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM AND THE ARKANSAS WATER AND AIR POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

In accordance with the provisions of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Act 472 of 1949, as amended, Ark. Code Ann. 8-4-101 et seq.), and the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.),

The applicant's mailing address is:

City of Newport-Airport/Industrial Park 615 Third Street Newport, AR 72112

The facility address is:

City of Newport-Airport/Industrial Park 8200 Theatre Drive Newport, AR 72112

is authorized to discharge treated municipal wastewater from a facility located as follows: approximately 0.25 miles east of the south end of Jet Street in the Newport Industrial Park in Jackson County, Arkansas.

Latitude: 35° 38' 10.33" N; Longitude: 91° 11' 5.41" W

to receiving waters named:

an unnamed tributary, thence to Locust Creek, thence to Village Creek, thence to the White River in Segment 4C of the White River Basin.

The outfall is located at the following coordinates:

Outfall 001: Latitude: 35° 37' 59" N; Longitude: 91° 11' 11" W

Discharge shall be in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in this permit. Per Part III.D.10, the permittee must re-apply on or before 180 days prior to the expiration date listed below for permit coverage past the expiration date.

2 MARCH 12

A Response to Comments is attached to the permit.

Effective Date:

4/1/2012

Expiration Date:

3/31/2017

Steven L. Drown

Chief, Water Division

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality

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PART I PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

SECTION A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS: OUTFALL 001 - treated industrial wastewater, cafeteria and sanitary wastewater, and municipal wastewater.

During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting until the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 001. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below from a treatment system consisting of chemical addition, bar screen, aeration basin, activated sludge, clarifier, disk filter, chlorine disinfection, and post aeration; aerated sludge storage lagoon, polymer injection, sludge belt filter press, and sludge drying beds with a design flow of 0.5 MGD.

Effluent Characteristics	<u>Discharge Limitations</u>			Monitoring Requirements		
	Mass (lbs/day, unless otherwise specified) Monthly	Concentration (mg/l, unless otherwise specified) Monthly		Frequency	Sample Type	
	Avg.	Avg.	7-Day Avg.			
Flow	N/A	Report, MGD	Report, MGD (Daily Max.)	once/day	totalizing meter	
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD ₅)	41.7	10.0	15.0	once/week	composite	
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	62.6	15.0	22.5	once/week	composite	
Ammonia Nitrogen (NH3-N)						
(April)	21.7	5.2	5.2	once/week	composite	
(May-Oct)	16.7	4.0	6.0	once/week	composite	
(Nov-March)	25.0	6.0	9.0	once/week	composite	
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)						
(May-Oct)	N/A	5.0 (Inst. Min.)		once/week	grab	
(Nov-April)	N/A	6.0 (Inst. Min.)		once/week	grab	
Facel California Dantaria (ECD)		(colonies/100ml)				
Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)	N/A	1000	2000	once/week	grab	
Oil & Grease (O&G)	41.7	10.0	15.0	once/week	grab	
Total Phosphorus (TP)	Report	Report	Report	once/month	grab	
Nitrate + Nitrite Nitrogen (NO3+NO2-N)	Report	Report	Report	once/month	grab	
рН	N/A	Minimum 6.0 s.u.	Maximum 9.0 s.u.	once/week	grab	

There shall be no discharge of distinctly visible solids, scum, or foam of a persistent nature, nor shall there be any formation of slime, bottom deposits, or sludge banks. There shall be no visible sheen as defined in Part IV of this permit.

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. Samples shall be taken after final treatment at the outfall location.

All and each unauthorized Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) must be reported to ADEQ. See Condition No. 5 of Part II.

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SECTION B. PERMIT COMPLIANCE

The permittee shall achieve compliance with the effluent limitations specified for discharges in accordance with the following schedule:

Compliance is required on the effective date of the permit.

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PART II OTHER CONDITIONS

- 1. The operator of this wastewater treatment facility shall be licensed as Class III by the State of Arkansas in accordance with APCEC Regulation No. 3.
- 2. For publicly owned treatment works, the 30-day average percent removal for Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD₅) and Total Suspended Solids shall not be less than 85 percent unless otherwise authorized by the permitting authority in accordance with 40 CFR Part 133.102, as adopted by reference in APCEC Regulation No. 6. The permittee must monitor the influent and effluent CBOD₅ and TSS at least once per year and calculate the percent removal to ensure compliance with the required 85 percent removal. This information must be maintained on site and provided to Department personnel upon request.
- 3. In accordance with 40 CFR Parts 122.62 (a)(2) and 124.5, this permit may be reopened for modification or revocation and/or reissuance to require additional monitoring and/or effluent limitations when new information is received that actual or potential exceedance of State water quality criteria and/or narrative criteria are determined to be the result of the permittee's discharge(s) to a relevant water body or a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) is established or revised for the water body that was not available at the time of the permit issuance that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of permit issuance.

4. Other Specified Monitoring Requirements

The permittee may use alternative appropriate monitoring methods and analytical instruments other than as specified in Part I Section A of the permit without a major permit modification under the following conditions:

- The monitoring and analytical instruments are consistent with accepted scientific practices;
- The requests shall be submitted in writing to the Permits Section of the Water Division of the ADEQ for use of the alternate method or instrument.
- The method and/or instrument is in compliance with 40 CFR Part 136 or approved in accordance with 40 CFR Part 136.5; and
- All associated devices are installed, calibrated, and maintained to insure the accuracy of
 the measurements and are consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device.
 The calibration and maintenance shall be performed as part of the permittee's laboratory
 Quality Control/Quality Assurance program.

Upon written approval of the alternative monitoring method and/or analytical instruments, these methods or instruments must be consistently utilized throughout the monitoring period. ADEQ must be notified in writing and the permittee must receive written approval from ADEQ if the permittee decides to return to the original permit monitoring requirements.

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5. Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO):

- A. An overflow is any spill, release or diversion of sewage from a sanitary sewer collection system, including:
 - 1. An overflow that results in a discharge to waters of the state; and
 - 2. An overflow of wastewater, including a wastewater backup into a building (other than a backup caused solely by a blockage or other malfunction in a privately owned sewer or building lateral), even if that overflow does not reach waters of the state.

B. Immediate Reporting

All overflows shall be reported to the Enforcement Branch of the Water Division by telephone (501-682-0638), facsimile (501-682-0910), or by using the Department web site at waterenfsso@adeq.state.ar.us within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstance.

At a minimum the report shall identify:

- 1. The location(s) of the overflow;
- 2. The receiving water (If there is one);
- 3. The duration of the overflow:
- 4. The cause of the overflow; and
- 5. The estimated volume of the overflow (MG).

C. Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs)

The permittee shall report every month all overflows with the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) submittal. These reports shall be summarized and reported in tabular format with the minimum following information. The permittee may use the ADEQ Forms which may be obtained from the following web sites:

http://www.adeq.state.ar.us/water/branch_permits/pdfs_forms/sso_tabular_report.pdf
or http://www.adeq.state.ar.us/water/branch_enforcement/forms/sso_report.asp

- 1. The location(s) of overflow;
- 2. The receiving water (If there is one);
- 3. The duration of overflow;
- 4. The cause or suspected cause of the overflow;
- 5. The estimated volume of overflow (MG):
- 6. A description of the sewer system component from which the release occurred (e.g., manhole, constructed overflow pipe, crack in pipe, etc.);
- 7. The estimated date and time when the overflow began and stopped or will be stopped;
- 8. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the overflow and a schedule of major milestones for those steps;

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9. If reasonably made, an estimate of the number of persons who came into contact with wastewater from the overflow; and

- 10. Steps taken or planned to mitigate the impact(s) of the overflow and a schedule of major milestones for those steps.
- 6. Best Management Practices (BMPs) are activities, practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices designed to prevent or reduce the pollution of waters of the State. BMPs also include treatment technologies, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw sewage. BMPs may include structural devices or nonstructural practices.
- 7. Contributing Industries and Pretreatment Requirements
 - A. The following pollutants may not be introduced into the treatment facility:
 - 1. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the publicly owned treatment works (POTW), including, but not limited to, waste streams with a closed cup flashpoint of less than 140 degrees Fahrenheit or 60 degrees Centigrade using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21;
 - 2. Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case discharges with pH lower than 5.0, unless the works are specifically designed to accommodate such discharges;
 - 3. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in Interference* or Pass Through**;
 - 4. Any pollutant, including oxygen demanding pollutants (e.g., BOD), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause Pass Through** or Interference* with the POTW;
 - 5. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW resulting in Interference*, but in no case heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 40 degrees Centigrade (104 degrees Fahrenheit) unless the Approval Authority, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
 - 6. Petroleum oil, non-biodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause Interference* or Pass Through**;
 - 7. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and/or
 - 8. Any trucked or hauled pollutants, except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
 - B. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403.

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C. The permittee shall provide adequate notice to the Department of the following:

1. Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 or 306 of the Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and

2. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit.

Any notice shall include information on (i) the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works, and (ii) any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

- * According to 40 CFR Part 403.3(k) the term *Interference* means a Discharge which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, both:
 - 1. Inhibits or disrupts the POTW, its treatment processes or operations, or its sludge processes, use or disposal; and
 - 2. Therefore is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the POTW's NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation) or of the prevention of sewage sludge use or disposal in compliance with the following statutory provisions and regulations or permits issued under (or more stringent State or local regulations): Section 405 of the Clean Water Act, the Solid Waste Disposal Act (SWDA) (including title II, more commonly referred to as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), and including State regulations contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to subtitle D of the SWDA), the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, and the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act.
- ** According to 40 CFR 403.3(p) the term *Pass Through* means a Discharge which exits the POTW into waters of the United States in quantities or concentrations which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the POTW's NPDES permit (including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation).
- 8. Sludge is land applied in accordance with ADEQ Land Application Permit 4711-WR-1.

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PART III STANDARD CONDITIONS

SECTION A – GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. Duty to Comply

The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the federal Clean Water Act and the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; and/or for denial of a permit renewal application. Any values reported in the required Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) which are in excess of an effluent limitation specified in Part I shall constitute evidence of violation of such effluent limitation and of this permit.

2. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions

The Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act provides that any person who violates any provisions of a permit issued under the Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or a fine of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or by both such fine and imprisonment for each day of such violation. Any person who violates any provision of a permit issued under the Act may also be subject to civil penalty in such amount as the court shall find appropriate, not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each day of such violation. The fact that any such violation may constitute a misdemeanor shall not be a bar to the maintenance of such civil action.

3. Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause including, but not limited to the following:

- A. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit; or
- B. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
- C. A change in any conditions that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge; or
- D. A determination that the permitted activity endangers human health or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by permit modification or termination.
- E. Failure of the permittee to comply with the provisions of APCEC Regulation No. 9 (Permit fees) as required by Part III.A.10 herein.

The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.

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4. Toxic Pollutants

Notwithstanding Part III.A.3, if any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under APCEC Regulation No. 2, as amended, or Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitations on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standards or prohibition and the permittee so notified.

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards, narrative criteria, or prohibitions established under APCEC Regulation No. 2, as amended, or Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

5. Civil and Criminal Liability

Except as provided in permit conditions on "Bypassing" (Part III.B.4.a), and "Upsets" (Part III.B.5.b), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance. Any false or materially misleading representation or concealment of information required to be reported by the provisions of this permit or applicable state and federal statues or regulations which defeats the regulatory purposes of the permit may subject the permittee to criminal enforcement pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Act 472 of 1949, as amended).

6. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject to under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.

7. State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act.

8. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State, or local laws or regulations.

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9. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provisions of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

10. Applicable Federal, State or Local Requirements

Permittees are responsible for compliance with all applicable terms and conditions of this permit. Receipt of this permit does not relieve any operator of the responsibility to comply with any other applicable federal (such as endangered species), state or local statute, ordinance or regulation.

11. Permit Fees

The permittee shall comply with all applicable permit fee requirements for wastewater discharge permits as described in APCEC Regulation No. 9 (Regulation for the Fee System for Environmental Permits). Failure to promptly remit all required fees shall be grounds for the Director to initiate action to terminate this permit under the provisions of 40 CFR Parts 122.64 and 124.5(d), as adopted in APCEC Regulation No. 6 and the provisions of APCEC Regulation No. 8.

SECTION B – OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF POLLUTION CONTROLS

1. Proper Operation and Maintenance

- A. The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- B. The permittee shall provide an adequate operating staff which is duly qualified to carryout operation, maintenance, and testing functions required to insure compliance with the conditions of this permit.

2. Need to Halt or Reduce not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit. Upon reduction, loss, or failure of the treatment facility, the permittee shall, to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with its permit, control production or discharges or both until the facility is restored or an alternative method of

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treatment is provided. This requirement applies, for example, when the primary source of power for the treatment facility is reduced, is lost, or alternate power supply fails.

3. <u>Duty to Mitigate</u>

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment or the water receiving the discharge.

4. Bypass of Treatment Facilities

A. Bypass not exceeding limitation

The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of Parts III.B.4.b and 4.c.

B. Notice

- 1. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
- 2. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Part III.D.6 (24-hour notice).

C. Prohibition of bypass

- 1. Bypass is prohibited and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - (a) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - (b) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if the permittee could have installed adequate backup equipment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal or preventive maintenance; and
 - (c) The permittee submitted notices as required by Part III.B.4.b.
- 2. The Director may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in Part III.B.4.c.1.

5. <u>Upset Conditions</u>

A. Effect of an upset. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements

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of Part III.B.5.b of this section are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.

- B. Conditions necessary for demonstration of upset. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - 1. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the specific cause(s) of the upset;
 - 2. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated.
 - 3. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required by Part III.D.6; and
 - 4. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required by Part III.B.3.
- C. Burden of proof. In any enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

6. Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner such as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering the waters of the State. Written approval must be obtained from the ADEQ prior to removal of substances. Additionally, the permittee shall give at least 120 days prior notice to the Director of any change planned in the permittee's sludge disposal practice or land use applications, including types of crops grown (if applicable). Produced sludge shall be disposed of by land application only when meeting the following criteria:

- A. Sewage sludge from treatment works treating domestic sewage (TWTDS) must meet the applicable provisions of 40 CFR Part 503; and
- B. The sewage sludge has not been classified as a hazardous waste under state or federal regulations.

7. Power Failure

The permittee is responsible for maintaining adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failure either by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, or retention of inadequately treated effluent.

SECTION C – MONITORING AND RECORDS

1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge during the entire monitoring period. All samples shall be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit and, unless otherwise specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other waste stream, body of water, or substance.

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Monitoring points shall not be changed without notification to and the approval of the Director. Intermittent discharges shall be monitored.

2. Flow Measurement

Appropriate flow measurement devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices shall be selected and used to insure the accuracy and reliability of measurements of the volume of monitored discharges. The devices shall be installed, calibrated, and maintained to insure the accuracy of the measurements is consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. Devices selected shall be capable of measuring flows with a maximum deviation of less than +/- 10% from true discharge rates throughout the range of expected discharge volumes and shall be installed at the monitoring point of the discharge.

Calculated Flow Measurement

For calculated flow measurements that are performed in accordance with either the permit requirements or a Department approved method (i.e., as allowed under Part II.4), the +/- 10% accuracy requirement described above is waived. This waiver is only applicable when the method used for calculation of the flow has been reviewed and approved by the Department.

3. Monitoring Procedures

Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit. The permittee shall calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals frequent enough to insure accuracy of measurements and shall insure that both calibration and maintenance activities will be conducted. An adequate analytical quality control program, including the analysis of sufficient standards, spikes, and duplicate samples to insure the accuracy of all required analytical results shall be maintained by the permittee or designated commercial laboratory. At a minimum, spikes and duplicate samples are to be analyzed on 10% of the samples.

4. Penalties for Tampering

The Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under the Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than one (1) year or a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or by both such fine and imprisonment.

5. Reporting of Monitoring Results

Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) form provided by the Department or other form/method approved in writing by the Department (e.g., electronic submittal of DMR once approved). Monitoring results obtained during the previous monitoring period shall be summarized and reported on a DMR form postmarked

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no later than the 25th day of the month or submitted electronically by 6:00 p.m. of the 25th (after NETDMR is approved), following the completed reporting period beginning on the effective date of the permit. When mailing the DMRs, duplicate copies of the forms signed and certified as required by Part III.D.11 and all other reports required by Part III.D, shall be submitted to the Director at the following address:

Enforcement Branch Water Division Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317

If permittee uses outside laboratory facilities for sampling and/or analysis, the name and address of the contract laboratory shall be included on the DMR.

6. Additional Monitoring by the Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit, using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136 or as specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated on the DMR.

7. Retention of Records

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time.

8. Record Contents

Records and monitoring information shall include:

- A. The date, exact place, time and methods of sampling or measurements, and preservatives used, if any;
- B. The individuals(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
- C. The date(s) and time analyses were performed;
- D. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
- E. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- F. The measurements and results of such analyses.

9. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

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A. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;

- B. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- C. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit, and
- D. Sample, inspect, or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

SECTION D – REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

1. Planned Changes

The permittee shall give notice within 180 days and provide plans and specification (if applicable) to the Director for review and approval prior to any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. In no case are any new connections, increased flows, removal of substances, or significant changes in influent quality permitted that cause violation of the effluent limitations specified herein.

2. Anticipated Noncompliance

The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

3. Transfers

The permit is nontransferable to any person except after notice to the Director. The Director may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Act.

4. Monitoring Reports

Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals and in the form specified in Part III.C.5. Discharge Monitoring Reports must be submitted even when no discharge occurs during the reporting period.

5. Compliance Schedule

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. Any reports of noncompliance shall include the cause of noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirement.

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6. Twenty-four Hour Report

A. The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may endanger health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain the following information:

- 1. a description of the noncompliance and its cause;
- 2. the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
- 3. steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
- B. The following shall be included as information which must be reported within 24 hours:
 - 1. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
 - 2. Any upset which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit and
 - 3. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Director in Part I of the permit to be reported within 24 hours to the Enforcement Section of the Water Division of the ADEQ.
- C. The Director may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours to the Enforcement Section of the Water Division of the ADEQ.

7. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under Parts III.D.4, 5, and 6, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed at Part III.D.6.

8. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances for Industrial Dischargers

The permittee shall notify the Director as soon as he/she knows or has reason to believe:

- A. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge on a routine or frequent basis of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" described in 40 CFR Part 122.42(a)(1); or
- B. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge on a non-routine or infrequent basis of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" described in 40 CFR Part 122.42(a)(2).

9. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The

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permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit. Information shall be submitted in the form, manner and time frame requested by the Director.

10. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The complete application shall be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit. The Director may grant permission to submit an application less than 180 days in advance but no later than the permit expiration date. Continuation of expiring permits shall be governed by regulations promulgated in APCEC Regulation No. 6.

11. Signatory Requirements

All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified as follows:

A. All **permit applications** shall be signed as follows:

- 1. For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means:
 - (a) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation; or
 - (b) The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operation facilities, provided: the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- 2. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or proprietor, respectively; or
- 3. For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency, by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a Federal agency includes:
 - (a) The chief executive officer of the agency, or
 - (b) A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.
- B. All **reports** required by the permit and **other information** requested by the Director shall be signed by a person described above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

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- 1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above.
- 2. The authorization specified either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position); and
- 3. The written authorization is submitted to the Director.
- C. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

12. Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under 40 CFR Part 2 and APCEC Regulation No. 6, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Department of Environmental Quality. As required by the Regulations, the name and address of any permit applicant or permittee, permit applications, permits, and effluent data shall not be considered confidential.

13. Penalties for Falsification of Reports

The Arkansas Air and Water Pollution Control Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this permit shall be subject to civil penalties specified in Part III.A.2. and/or criminal penalties under the authority of the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Act 472 of 1949, as amended).

14. Applicable Federal, State or Local Requirements

Permittees are responsible for compliance with all applicable terms and conditions of this permit. Receipt of this permit does not relieve any operator of the responsibility to comply with any other applicable federal, state, or local statute, ordinance, policy, or regulation.

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PART IV DEFINITIONS

All definitions contained in Section 502 of the Clean Water Act and 40 CFR 122.2 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated herein by reference. Additional definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

- 1. "Act" means the Clean Water Act, Public Law 95-217 (33.U.S.C. 1251 et seq.) as amended.
- 2. "Administrator" means the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
- 3. "APCEC" means the Arkansas Pollution Control and Ecology Commission.
- 4. "Applicable effluent standards and limitations" means all State and Federal effluent standards and limitations to which a discharge is subject under the Act, including, but not limited to, effluent limitations, standards of performance, toxic effluent standards and prohibitions, and pretreatment standards.
- 5. "Applicable water quality standards" means all water quality standards to which a discharge is subject under the federal Clean Water Act and which has been (a) approved or permitted to remain in effect by the Administrator following submission to the Administrator pursuant to Section 303(a) of the Act, or (b) promulgated by the Director pursuant to Section 303(b) or 303(c) of the Act, and standards promulgated under (APCEC) Regulation No. 2, as amended.
- 6. **"Bypass"** As defined at 122.41(m).
- 7. "Composite sample" is a mixture of grab samples collected at the same sampling point at different times, formed either by continuous sampling or by mixing a minimum of 4 effluent portions collected at equal time intervals (but not closer than one hour apart) during operational hours, within the 24-hour period, and combined proportional to flow or a sample collected at more frequent intervals proportional to flow over the 24-hour period.
- 8. **Daily Discharge'** means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling.
 - A. **Mass Calculations**: For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of pollutant discharged over the sampling day.
 - B. Concentration Calculations: For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.
- 8. **Daily Maximum**" discharge limitation means the highest allowable "daily discharge" during the calendar month. The 7-day average for Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB) or E-Coli is the geometric mean of the values of all effluent samples collected during the calendar week in colonies per 100 ml.
- 9. "Department" means the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ).
- 10. "Director" means the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality.
- 11. "Dissolved oxygen limit", shall be defined as follows:
 - A. When limited in the permit as a minimum monthly average, shall mean the lowest acceptable monthly average value, determined by averaging all samples taken during the calendar month;
 - B. When limited in the permit as an instantaneous minimum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall below the stated value.
- 12. **"E-Coli"** a sample consists of one effluent grab portion collected during a 24-hour period at peak loads. For E-Coli, report the monthly average as a 30-day geometric mean in colonies per 100 ml.

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13. "Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)" a sample consists of one effluent grab portion collected during a 24-hour period at peak loads. For Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB) report the monthly average as a 30-day geometric mean in colonies per 100 ml.

- 14. "Grab sample" means an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes in conjunction with an instantaneous flow measurement.
- 15. "Industrial User" means a nondomestic discharger, as identified in 40 CFR Part 403, introducing pollutants to a POTW.
- 16. **"Instantaneous Maximum"** when limited in the permit as an instantaneous maximum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall above the stated value.
- 17. "Instantaneous Minimum" an instantaneous minimum value, shall mean that no value measured during the reporting period may fall below the stated value.
- 18. "Monthly average (30-day average)" means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month. For Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB) or E-Coli, report the monthly average, (see "E-Coli" or "Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)" above).
- 19. "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System" means the national program for issuing, modifying, revoking and reissuing, terminating, monitoring and enforcing permits, and imposing and enforcing pretreatment requirements under Sections 307, 402, 318, and 405 of the Clean Water Act.
- 20. "POTW" means a Publicly Owned Treatment Works.
- 21. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in products.
- 22. "Sewage sludge" means the solids, residues, and precipitate separated from or created in sewage by the unit processes at a POTW. Sewage as used in this definition means any wastes, including wastes from humans, households, commercial establishments, industries, and stormwater runoff that are discharged to or otherwise enter a POTW.
- 23. "7-day average" Also known as Average weekly. means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week.
- 24. "Treatment works" means any devices and systems used in storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of municipal sewage and industrial wastes, of a liquid nature to implement section 201 of the Act, or necessary to recycle reuse water at the most economic cost over the estimated life of the works, including intercepting sewers, sewage collection systems, pumping, power and other equipment, and alterations thereof; elements essential to provide a reliable recycled supply such as standby treatment units and clear well facilities, and any works, including site acquisition of the land that will be an integral part of the treatment process or is used for ultimate disposal of residues resulting from such treatment.
- 25. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. Any upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless of improper operations.

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26. "Visible sheen" means the presence of a film or sheen upon or a discoloration of the surface of the discharge. A sheen can also be from a thin glistening layer of oil on the surface of the discharge.

- 27. "MGD" shall mean million gallons per day.
- 28. "mg/l "shall mean milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm).
- 29. "µg/l" shall mean micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb).
- 30. "cfs" shall mean cubic feet per second.
- 31. "ppm" shall mean parts per million.
- 32. "s.u." shall mean standard units.
- 33. "Weekday" means Monday Friday.

34. Monitoring and Reporting:

When a permit becomes effective, monitoring requirements are of the immediate period of the permit effective date. Where the monitoring requirement for an effluent characteristic is monthly or more frequently, the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) shall be submitted by the 25th of the month following the sampling. Where the monitoring requirement for an effluent characteristic is Quarterly, Semi-Annual, Annual, or Yearly, the DMR shall be submitted by the 25th of the month following the monitoring period end date.

A. MONTHLY:

is defined as a calendar month or any portion of a calendar month for monitoring requirement frequency of once/month or more frequently.

B. BI-MONTHLY:

is defined as two (2) calendar months or any portion of 2 calendar months for monitoring requirement frequency of once/2 months or more frequently.

C. OUARTERLY:

- 1. is defined as a **fixed calendar quarter** or any part of the fixed calendar quarter for a non-seasonal effluent characteristic with a measurement frequency of once/quarter. Fixed calendar quarters are: January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December; or
- 2. is defined as a **fixed three month period** (or any part of the fixed three month period) of or dependent upon the seasons specified in the permit for a seasonal effluent characteristic with a monitoring requirement frequency of once/quarter that does not coincide with the fixed calendar quarter. Seasonal calendar quarters are: May through July, August through October, November through January, and February through April.

D. SEMI-ANNUAL:

is defined as the fixed time periods January through June, and July through December (or any portion thereof) for an effluent characteristic with a measurement frequency of once/6 months or twice/year.

E. ANNUAL or YEARLY:

is defined as a fixed calendar year or any portion of the fixed calendar year for an effluent characteristic or parameter with a measurement frequency of once/year. A calendar year is January through December, or any portion thereof.

Final Statement of Basis

This Statement of Basis is for information and justification of the permit limits only. Please note that it is not enforceable. This permitting decision is for renewal of the discharge Permit Number AR0045225 with Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) Facility Identification Number (AFIN) 34-00061 to discharge to Waters of the State.

1. PERMITTING AUTHORITY.

The issuing office is:

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, Arkansas 72118-5317

2. APPLICANT.

The applicant's mailing address is:

City of Newport-Airport/Industrial Park 615 Third Street Newport, AR 72112

The facility address is:

City of Newport-Airport/Industrial Park 8200 Theatre Drive Newport, AR 72112

3. PREPARED BY.

The permit was prepared by:

Guy Lester, Staff Engineer Discharge Permits Section, Water Division (501) 682-0023

E-mail: lester@adeq.state.ar.us

4. PERMIT ACTIVITY.

Previous Permit Effective Date: 2/1/2007 Previous Permit Expiration Date: 1/31/2012

The permittee submitted a permit renewal application on 7/1/2011, and additional information was received on 10/24/2011. The current discharge permit is being reissued for a 5-year term in accordance with regulations promulgated at 40 CFR Part 122.46(a).

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DOCUMENT ABBREVIATIONS

In the document that follows, various abbreviations are used. They are as follows:

BAT - best available technology economically achievable

BCT - best conventional pollutant control technology

BMP - best management practice

BOD₅ - five-day biochemical oxygen demand

BPJ - best professional judgment

BPT - best practicable control technology currently available

CBOD₅ - carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand

CD - critical dilution

CFR - Code of Federal Regulations

cfs - cubic feet per second

COD - chemical oxygen demand

COE - United States Corp of Engineers

CPP - continuing planning process

CWA - Clean Water Act

DMR - discharge monitoring report

DO - dissolved oxygen

ELG - effluent limitation guidelines

EPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESA - Endangered Species Act

FCB - fecal coliform bacteria

gpm - gallons per minute

MGD - million gallons per day

MQL - minimum quantification level

NAICS - North American Industry Classification System

NH3-N - ammonia nitrogen

 $NO_3 + NO_2 - N$ - nitrate + nitrite nitrogen

NPDES - National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

O&G - oil and grease

Reg. 2 - APCEC Regulation No. 2

Reg. 6 - APCEC Regulation No. 6

Reg. 8 - APCEC Regulation No. 8

Reg. 9 - APCEC Regulation No. 9

RP - reasonable potential

SIC - standard industrial classification

TDS - total dissolved solids

TMDL - total maximum daily load

TP - total phosphorus

TRC - total residual chlorine

TSS - total suspended solids

UAA - use attainability analysis

USF&WS - United States Fish and Wildlife Service

WET - Whole effluent toxicity

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WQMP - water quality management plan WQS - Water Quality standards WWTP - wastewater treatment plant

DMR Review:

The DMRs from 8/2008 through 7/2011 were reviewed during the permit renewal process. There were three (3) exceedances for CBOD₅, two (2) exceedances for NH3-N, and five (5) exceedances for TSS noted during the review of permit data.

Legal Order Review:

There are currently no active CAOs or NOVs for this facility.

5. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES FROM THE PREVIOUSLY ISSUED PERMIT.

The permittee is responsible for carefully reading the permit in detail and becoming familiar with all of the changes therein:

- 1. Parts II, III, and IV have been revised.
- 2. The required Operator Class III for the facility has been added to Part II.
- 3. The facility's location coordinates have been corrected to match the most recent field data.
- 4. All of the effluent limits have been corrected to reference the nearest tenth to ensure the required accuracy in reporting.
- 5. A Monthly Avg. NH3-N limit of 5.2 mg/l for the month of April has been added to the permit.
- 6. O&G limits have been added to the permit.
- 7. Monitoring and reporting requirements for TP and NO3+NO2-N have been added to the permit.

6. RECEIVING STREAM SEGMENT AND DISCHARGE LOCATION.

The outfall is located at the following coordinates based on Google Earth using WGS84:

Latitude: 35° 37' 59" N; Longitude: 91° 11' 11" W

The receiving waters named:

an unnamed tributary, thence to Locust Creek, thence to Village Creek, thence to the White River in Segment 4C of the White River Basin. The receiving stream with USGS Hydrologic Unit Code (H.U.C) of 11010013 and 4-digit Reach #0710 (from the USGS National Hydrography Dataset Medium Resolution Flowline) is a Water of the State classified for secondary contact recreation, raw water source for domestic (public and private), industrial, and agricultural water supplies, propagation of desirable species of fish and other aquatic life, and other compatible uses.

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7. 303(d) LIST, ENDANGERED SPECIES, AND ANTI-DEGRADATION CONSIDERATIONS.

A. 303(d) List:

The receiving stream is not listed on the 2008 303(d) list.

However, the receiving stream flows into Village Creek approximately 2.5 miles from the discharge point. A TMDL based on an impairment for Siltation/Turbidity was completed for Village Creek on 1/6/2006. This facility was included as a point source in the TMDL. The wasteload allocations for the point sources in the TMDL were set to zero because the surrogate being used for turbidity (i.e., TSS) is considered to represent inorganic suspended solids (i.e., soil and sediment particles from erosion or sediment resuspension). The suspended solids discharged by point sources that flow into Village Creek are assumed to consist primarily of organic solids rather than inorganic solids. Discharges of organic suspended solids from point sources are already addressed by the Department through the permitting of point sources to maintain water quality standards. Therefore, no additional permit action is necessary.

B. Endangered Species:

No comments on the application were received from the USF&WS. The draft permit and Statement of Basis were sent to the USF&WS for their review.

C. Anti-Degradation:

The limitations and requirements set forth in this permit for discharge into waters of the State are consistent with the Antidegradation Policy and all other applicable water quality standards found in APC&EC Regulation No. 2.

8. OUTFALL, TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION, AND FACILITY CONSTRUCTION.

The following is a description of the facility described in the application:

A. Design Flow: 0.5 MGD

B. Type of Treatment: chemical addition, bar screen, aeration basin, activated sludge, clarifier, disk filter, chlorine disinfection, and post aeration; aerated sludge storage lagoon, polymer injection, sludge belt filter press, and sludge drying beds

The facility has the capability of diverting its discharge to the main City of Newport WWTP with NPDES Permit No. AR0037044. The effluent may be diverted from two places: directly from the clarifier, or after the chlorine contact chamber.

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The facility receives the majority of its influent from Medallion Foods, Inc. with a high BOD concentration (approximately 2000 mg/l) and a very low nutrient concentration. For proper operation of the treatment system, nutrients are added. A liquid urea mixture (32%) is added just prior to discharge at the Medallion plant, and a granular diammonium phosphate blend (18-46-0 NPK fertilizer) is added to the return activated sludge line. Additions are controlled by checking for positive residuals of phosphate and nitrate in the outflow from the clarifier.

- C. Discharge Description: treated industrial wastewater, cafeteria and sanitary wastewater, and municipal wastewater
- D. Facility Status: This facility is classified as a Minor municipal since the design flow of the facility listed above is less than 1.0 MGD.
- E. Facility Construction: This permit does not authorize or approve the construction or modification of any part of the treatment system or facilities. Approval for such construction must be by permit issued under Reg. 6.202.

9. ACTIVITY.

Under the SIC code of 4952 or NAICS code of 221320, the applicant's activities are the operation of a sewage treatment plant.

10. INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER CONTRIBUTIONS.

INDUSTRIAL USERS

This facility receives industrial process wastewater from one significant industrial user (SIU). Based on the applicant's effluent compliance history and the type of industrial contributions, standard Pretreatment Program implementation conditions are deemed appropriate at this time.

11. SEWAGE SLUDGE PRACTICES.

Sludge is land applied in accordance with ADEQ Land Application Permit 4711-WR-1.

12. PERMIT CONDITIONS.

The Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality has made a determination to issue a permit for the discharge described in the application. Permit requirements are based on federal regulations (40 CFR Parts 122, 124, and Subchapter N), the National Pretreatment Regulation in 40 CFR Part 403 and regulations promulgated pursuant to the Arkansas Water and Air Pollution Control Act (Act 472 of 1949, as amended, Ark. Code Ann. 8-4-101 et. seq.).

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A. Effluent Limitations

Outfall 001 - treated industrial wastewater, cafeteria and sanitary wastewater, and municipal wastewater

1. Conventional and/or Toxic Pollutants

Effluent Characteristics	<u>Disch</u>	arge Limitatio	Monitoring Requirements		
	Mass (lbs/day, unless otherwise specified)	Concentration (mg/l, unless otherwise specified)		Frequency	Sample Type
	Monthly Avg.	Monthly Avg.	7-Day Avg.		
Flow	N/A	Report, MGD	Report, MGD (Daily Max.)	once/day	totalizing meter
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD ₅)	41.7	10.0	15.0	once/week	composite
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	62.6	15.0	22.5	once/week	composite
Ammonia Nitrogen (NH3-N)					•
(April)	21.7	5.2	5.2	once/week	composite
(May-Oct)	16.7	4.0	6.0	once/week	composite
(Nov-March)	25.0	6.0	9.0	once/week	composite
Dissolved Oxygen (DO)					•
(May-Oct)	N/A	5.0 (Inst. Min.)		once/week	grab
(Nov-April)	N/A	6.0 (Inst. Min.)		once/week	grab
Fecal Coliform Bacteria (FCB)		(colonie	s/100 ml)		•
	N/A	1000	2000	once/week	grab
Oil & Grease (O&G)	41.7	10.0	15.0	once/week	grab
Total Phosphorus (TP)	Report	Report	Report	once/month	grab
Nitrate + Nitrite Nitrogen (NO3+NO2-N)	Report	Report	Report	once/month	grab
рН	N/A	Minimum 6.0 s.u.	Maximum 9.0 s.u.	once/week	grab

2. **Solids, Foam, and Free Oil:** There shall be no discharge of distinctly visible solids, scum, or foam of a persistent nature, nor shall there be any formation of slime, bottom deposits, or sludge banks. There shall be no visible sheen due to the presence of oil (Sheen means an iridescent appearance on the surface of the water).

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13. BASIS FOR PERMIT CONDITIONS.

The following is an explanation of the derivation of the conditions of the permit and the reasons for them or, in the case of notices of intent to deny or terminate, reasons suggesting the decisions as required under 40 CFR Part 124.7.

Technology-Based Versus Water Quality-Based Effluent Limitations And Conditions

Following regulations promulgated at 40 CFR Part 122.44, the permit limits are based on either technology-based effluent limits pursuant to 40 CFR Part 122.44 (a) or on State water quality standards and requirements pursuant to 40 CFR Part 122.44 (d), whichever are more stringent as follows:

	Water Quality- Based		Technology- Based		Previous Permit		Permit Limit	
Parameter	Monthly	7-day	Monthly	7-day	Monthly	7-day	Monthly	7-day
	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.	Avg.
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
CBOD ₅	10.0	15.0	25.0	40.0	10	15	10.0	15.0
TSS	N/A	N/A	30.0	45.0	15	22.5	15.0	22.5
NH3-N								
(April)	5.2	5.2	N/A	N/A	Report	5.2	5.2	5.2
(May-Oct)	4.0	6.0	N/A	N/A	4.0	6.0	4.0	6.0
(Nov-March)	6.0	9.0	N/A	N/A	6.0	9.0	6.0	9.0
DO								
(May-Oct)	5.0 (Inst	Inst. Min.) N/A		5.0 (Monthly Avg. Min.)		5.0 (Inst. Min.)		
(Nov-Apr)	6.0 (Inst	. Min.)	N/A		6.0 (Monthly Avg. Min.)		6.0 (Inst. Min.)	
FCB (col/100 ml)	1000	2000	N/A	N/A	1000	2000	1000	2000
O&G	10.0	15.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10.0	15.0
TP	N/A	N/A	Report	Report	N/A	N/A	Report	Report
$NO_3 + NO_2 - N$	N/A	N/A	Report	Report	N/A	N/A	Report	Report
рН	6.0-9.0) s.u.	. 6.0-9.0 s.u.		6.0-9.0 s.u.		6.0-9.0 s.u.	

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A. Justification for Limitations and Conditions of the permit:

Parameter	Water Quality or Technology	Justification
CBOD ₅	Water Quality	MultiSMP Model dated 7/16/2004, 40 CFR 122.44 (l), and previous permit
TSS	Technology	40 CFR 122.44 (l), and previous permit
NH3-N ¹	Water Quality	Reg. 2.512 / MultiSMP Model dated 7/16/2004, 40 CFR 122.44 (l), and previous permit
DO^2	Water Quality	Reg. 2.505 / MultiSMP Model dated 7/16/2004, 40 CFR 122.44 (l), and previous permit
FCB	Water Quality	Reg. 2.507
$O\&G^3$	Water Quality	Reg. 2.510
TP^4	Technology	CPP (Appendix D - Nutrient Control Implementation Plan – State Plan)
$NO_3 + NO_2 - N^4$	Technology	CPP (Appendix D - Nutrient Control Implementation Plan – State Plan)
рН	Water Quality	Reg. 2.504

¹ The toxicity-based Daily Max. NH3-N limit has been added as a Monthly Avg. limit because 40 CFR 122.45(d)(2) requires all POTWs with a continuous discharge to have permit effluent limitations expressed as average weekly and average monthly.

B. Anti-backsliding

The permit is consistent with the requirements to meet Anti-backsliding provisions of the Clean Water Act (CWA), Section 402(o) [40 CFR 122.44(l)]. The final effluent limitations for reissuance permits must be as stringent as those in the previous permit, unless the less stringent limitations can be justified using exceptions listed in 40 CFR 122.44 (l)(2)(i).

The permit meets or exceeds the requirements of the previous permit.

² DO limits have been changed from Monthly Avg. Min. to Inst. Min. because the DO water quality standard for the receiving stream must be maintained at all times, not on average.

³ O&G limits from Reg. 2.510 have been included in the permit because the facility receives wastewater from an industrial facility and a cafeteria. Based on the information submitted with the renewal application, a schedule of compliance is not necessary.

⁴ Monitoring and reporting requirements for TP and NO₃+NO₂-N have been included in the permit based on the CPP requirement for municipal facilities that receive wastewater from food processing industries, and because the facility adds nutrients (32% urea solution and granular diammonium phosphate) as part of the treatment process. Data from the monitoring of these parameters will be used at the next permit renewal to determine if limitations are required.

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C. Limits Calculations

1. Mass limits:

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.45(f)(1), all pollutants limited in permits shall have limitations expressed in terms of mass if feasible. 40 CFR 122.45(f)(2) allows for pollutants which are limited in terms of mass to also be limited in terms of other units of measurement. The calculation of the loadings (lbs per day) uses a design flow of 0.5 MGD and the following equation:

lbs/day = Concentration (mg/l) x Flow (MGD) x 8.34

2. 7-Day Average Limits:

The 7-Day Average limits for NH3-N (May through March) as well as CBOD₅ and TSS are based on Section 5.4.2 of the Technical Support Document for Water Quality-Based Toxics Control.

7-Day Average limits = Monthly average limits x 1.5

The 7-Day Average NH3-N limits for the month April are based on the requirements of Reg. 2.512.

The 7-Day Average limits for FCB and O&G are based on Regs. 2.507 and 2.510, respectively.

3. Ammonia-Nitrogen (NH3-N):

The water quality effluent limitations for Ammonia are based either on DO-based effluent limits or on toxicity-based standards, whichever are more stringent. The toxicity-based effluent limitations are based on Reg. 2.512 and the CPP.

4. Nutrients - Total Phosphorus and Nitrate+Nitrite-Nitrogen:

Monitoring and reporting of TP and NO₃+NO₂-N has been included in the permit because the CPP requires municipal facilities that receive wastewater from food processing industries to monitor for these nutrients in their discharge, and because the facility adds nutrients (32% urea solution and diammonium phosphate in the form of granular 18-46-0 NPK fertilizer) as part of the treatment process. Control of the addition of these nutrient-rich chemicals is by detection of positive residuals in the outflow of the clarifier.

D. 208 Plan (Water Quality Management Plan)

The 208 Plan, developed by the ADEQ under provisions of Section 208 of the federal Clean Water Act, is a comprehensive program to work toward achieving federal water goals in Arkansas. The initial 208 Plan, adopted in 1979, provides for annual updates, but can be revised more often if necessary. The 208 Plan has been revised to add a Monthly Avg. NH3-N limit of 5.2 mg/l for the month of April to the existing water quality limitations.

14. SAMPLE TYPE AND FREQUENCY.

Regulations require permits to establish monitoring requirements to yield data representative of the monitored activity [40 CFR Part 122.48(b)] and to ensure compliance with permit limitations [40 CFR Part 122.44(i)(l)].

Requirements for sample type and sampling frequency have been based on the current discharge permit, except for O&G, TP, and NO3+NO2-N, which have been based on the best engineering judgment of the permit writer. O&G sample type and frequency were based on the sample type and frequency of the other parameters already limited in the permit. TP & NO3+NO2-N sample type and frequency were set at once/month because this was deemed sufficient for the purpose of gathering data on the amount of these parameters in the discharge.

	Previo	us Permit	Final Permit		
Parameter	Frequency of Sample	Sample Type	Frequency of Sample	Sample Type	
Flow	once/day	totalizing meter	once/day	totalizing meter	
CBOD ₅	once/week	composite	once/week	composite	
TSS	once/week	composite	once/week	composite	
NH3-N					
(April)	once/week	composite	once/week	composite	
(May-Oct)	once/week	composite	once/week	composite	
(Nov-Apr)	once/week	composite	once/week	composite	
DO					
(May-Oct)	once/week	grab	once/week	grab	
(Nov-Apr)	once/week	grab	once/week	grab	
FCB	once/week	grab	once/week	grab	
O&G	N/A	N/A	once/week	grab	
TP	N/A	N/A	once/month	grab	
$NO_3 + NO_2 - N$	N/A	N/A	once/month	grab	
рН	once/week	grab	once/week	grab	

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15. PERMIT COMPLIANCE.

A Schedule of Compliance has not been included in this permit. Compliance with all permit requirements is required on the effective date of the permit.

16. MONITORING AND REPORTING.

The applicant is at all times required to monitor the discharge on a regular basis and report the results monthly. The monitoring results will be available to the public.

17. SOURCES.

The following sources were used to draft the permit:

- A. Application No. AR0045225 received 7/1/2011, and additional information received on 10/24/2011.
- B. Arkansas Water Quality Management Plan (WQMP).
- C. APCEC Regulation No. 2.
- D. APCEC Regulation No. 3.
- E. APCEC Regulation No. 6.
- F. 40 CFR Parts 122, 125, 133, and 403.
- G. Discharge permit file AR0045225.
- H. Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs).
- I. "2008 List of Impaired Waterbodies (303(d) List)", ADEQ
- J. "Integrated Water Quality and Assessment Report 2008", ADEQ.
- K. "Identification and Classification of Perennial Streams of Arkansas", Arkansas Geological Commission.
- L. Continuing Planning Process (CPP).
- M. Technical Support Document For Water Quality-based Toxic Control.
- N. "TMDL for Turbidity for Village Creek, AR-FINAL", dated 1/6/2006.
- O. Inspection Report #043320 dated 1/12/2009.
- P. Site Visit on 9/26/2011.
- Q. Phone conversation on 10/27/11 between Martin Steward, operator, and Guy Lester, ADEQ.
- R. Letter, dated 1/13/012, from Martin Steward of the City of Newport to Guy Lester, Staff Engineer, Permits Branch, ADEQ Water Division.

18. POINT OF CONTACT.

For additional information, contact:

Guy Lester Permits Branch, Water Division Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, Arkansas 72118-5317 Telephone: (501) 682-0023

RESPONSE TO COMMENTS FINAL PERMITTING DECISION

Response to comments received on the subject draft permit in accordance with regulations promulgated at 40 CFR Part 124.17 are as follows:

Permit No.: AR0044225

Applicant: City of Newport-Airport/Industrial Park

615 Third Street Newport, AR 72112

Prepared by: Guy Lester, E.I.

Public Notice Date: The draft permit was publicly noticed on December 22, 2011.

Date Prepared: January 19, 2012

The following comments have been received on the draft permit:

Letter, dated January 13, 2012, from Martin Steward of the City of Newport to Guy Lester, Staff Engineer, Permits Branch, ADEQ Water Division.

ISSUE #1

It is requested that the Sample Type for Total Phosphorus and Nitrate+Nitrite-Nitrogen be changed to allow either a composite or a grab sample.

RESPONSE #1

The Department disagrees with this request.

The sample type must be uniquely specified in the permit. The sample type for Total Phosphorus and Nitrate+Nitrite-Nitrogen, grab sample, has not been changed in the permit.